## MASON-MERCER

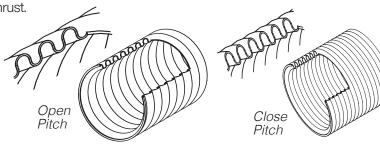


60 years ago (when the writer started), braided stainless steel hose had been in use for quite some time. As I remember, there were only a few major manufacturers. such as Chicago Metal Hose and Anaconda. For the most part, the smaller assemblers did not invest in the expensive equipment that forms straight tubing into the helical and annular forms, and certainly not in the complex braiding equipment. Thus the standards in the industry were maintained by the major firms.

While helical hose (corrugations in a continuous helix) was still popular, the movement toward annular corrugations (each corrugation independent as in expansion joints) was moving along rapidly, because of lower stress and greater movement at a given pitch.

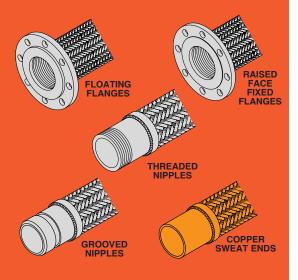
There were two broad descriptions of annular hose, Open and Close pitch, that described the spacing of the corrugations. In general, open pitch was used in low pressure applications where the braid was not required, and the hose might be used to take up some axial expansion as in diesel exhaust.

Close pitched hose was always used for transverse movement and applications where the stainless steel braid was required to control thrust.



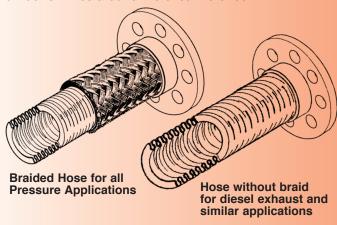
The corrugated hose provides flexibility and prevents leakage, but has virtually no resistance to pressure thrust. In a solid piping system, there is no external thrust, as the pressure on the projected area of the inside of the pipe is equalized by the two ends or bends in the pipe. The force is taken by the pipe wall. Once a flexible hose is inserted, that capability is gone.

#### **FITTING OPTIONS**

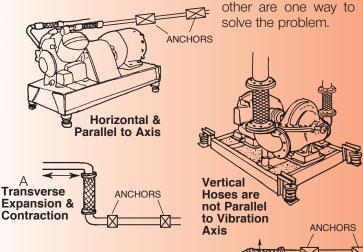


**Bulletin BH-29-4** 

When fluid or gas pressure is applied to each corrugation, it tends to open axially, and this adds to the thrust of the pipe area multiplied by the line pressure. As the thrust pulls on the anchored braid ends, the interwoven bias weave applies inward radial pressure to the corrugations as well. Pressure capability is largely a function of the braid. When higher pressures are needed, it is seldom accomplished by thicker tubing as you would lose flexibility. It is most often accommodated by increasing the strength of the braid, using braid with heavier wire or tighter spacing described as Double or Triple Braid or just multiple braid layers. While braid angle is an influence, a quick comparison of braid strength is to multiply the wire area by the total number of wires around the circumference.



Since the braid is stretched taut by the pressure in the axial direction and kept that way, hoses cannot accept axial motion. All flexibility is at right angles to the axis, so the hose flexes transversely. Most machinery vibrates in a radial direction from the main shaft. Therefore, the hose should be installed parallel to the shaft for best performance, although it seldom is. It must be installed at a 90° angle to the motion in expansion applications. When major motion occurs in two planes, two hoses at right angles to each

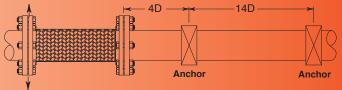


Motion in

2 Planes

metallic hose offers more bend resistance as the pressure increases. The term "flexible" means flexure without fatigue rather than easy flexure. In many applications the pipeline must be anchored right after the hose

to force the hose to flex or the hose serves little purpose. For best results, one near the hose and the other some distance away provide a better solution, as pipe may pivot through one anchor. Spacing between anchors is a function of pipe diameter.



While we have influenced specifications over the years, our volume had always been very low, because we were not competitive. That has changed.

In setting standards for our new product range, we were dismayed to find that the term "Close Pitch" had almost become meaningless. Competitive literature does not include the number of corrugations per foot nor transverse stiffness. We are publishing pitch on all product pages and transverse stiffnesses on pages 5 & 6, so this bulletin begins to provide direction.

Do not be fooled by the salesman who bends a hose like a reed.

When most people visualize a hose flexing, the image is bending in an arc. Unfortunately, this is not true. When flanged hose is displaced, the rigid pipe flanges remain parallel. The hose remains relatively straight at both ends and takes an open "S" shape between the two ends, as shown below. Nippled hoses act the same way.



"S" Shaped Hose

Our hose has a safety factor of 4 times the rated pressure. When comparing allowable operating pressures with other manufacturers, ask for burst pressure. It may be they are working at a lower safety factor. We prefer not to.

All stainless steel hose loses strength at higher temperatures. In the interests of safety and good engineering, use the correction factors to lower ratings when lines are hot.

We arrived at our standards of corrugations per foot by buying samples from approximately six of the well known manufacturers. The variation was more than a factor of two. Our pitch matches the best of the competitors. Some other firms may have a tighter pitch, but our spacing ranks among the "quality suppliers" and makes the hose very flexible.

The question comes up as to why others do not use a tighter pitch. The answer is the fewer the corrugations, the shorter the length of the original tubing to arrive at a finished length, and the faster the forming process. This decreases cost in direct proportion to the shorter length of the original tubing. Flexibility suffers but the product is cheaper.

Our sales representatives already have a full sized photo comparing our braided copper sweat end hoses with a well known competitor's as shown below.

Our 4" live length is 68% longer than their 23/8". We stripped the braid and counted the corrugations. Their product, sold as "close pitched", had 5 active corrugations. We have 22 or 4.4 times as many.

That is why specifications and published information are so important. It is the end user's only protection.

For the past 50 years, we have based our vibration control mountings, hanger and pad recommendations on field experience. Rubber expansion joints have been tested acoustically and constantly improved for reliability. Since proper seismic restraint not only prevents property damage but more importantly saves lives, all of our seismic products are destruction tested for confirmation after design. We would not be living up to our self imposed standards without the same intense engineering attention to Stainless Steel Hose.

Based on visits to jobsites, we knew that very short hose lengths, the typical "plumbers helper", did nothing but possibly reduce misalignment stress. Holding both ends of the hose provided a sense of equal vibration with no reduction from one end to the other. Even double lengths seemed to act about the same way.

Experience always provides background for the next step. In machinery vibration control a theoretical isolator often failed to perform because the structure was not as stiff as the isolator. We solved the problem by producing isolators with lower stiffness than the structure.

We started this study by calculating transverse schedule 40 pipe stiffness. This is important as the hose faces this resistance.

There are many manuals that provide hose designs for misalignment, misalignment and vibration amplitude or straight connectors for vibration only. However, we could find no information on the force required to move a hose transversely— the key factor in selecting a hose to reduce vibration transmission.

Pipeline vibration reduction is based on hose length, pressure and the bending resistance of the steel piping it is attached to. While a vibration amplitude of  $\pm 1/8$ " would be unacceptably high, our study is based on that displacement as  $\pm 1/8$ " is the industries' "Pump Connector" standard. When comparing the stiffnesses of straight pipe lengths versus flexible hoses, if the flexible hose has a transverse stiffness greater than the pipe it is connected to, there is no reason why it would reduce vibration transmission. There is the influence of the system's inertia based on the mass provided by check and shutoff valves, strainers, etc., as well as the mass of the pipe filled with water directly after the flexible hose, but that is a variable. While it must help, it is an unknown.

11/2" x 9" Copper Fitted Hoses

P" End to End

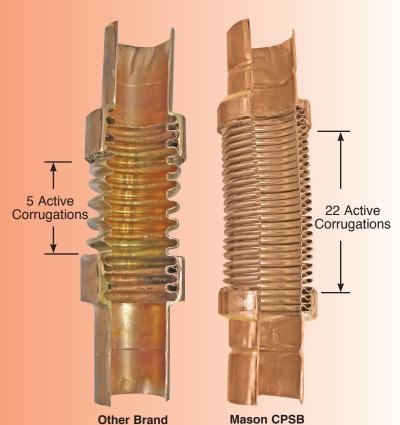
Live Length

Live Length

**Mason CPSB** 

**Other Brand** 

11/2" x 9" Cross Section of Copper Fitted Hoses (Braid Removed to Reveal Active Corrugations)



#### **TEST DISCUSSION**

Our in house capability does not include dynamic measurement. However, the following static data is the first publicized attempt to measure displacement forces as a basis for specifications. Despite recommendations to the contrary, the average pump installation has the hoses installed vertically.

The disturbing force is radial to the pump rotor. Since the hose is vertical, it is most effective when the unbalance is parallel to the floor and least when the force is vertical, as the hose is rigid in that direction. However, when the force is vertical, it is pushing or pulling the riser and in general, the riser and header are stiffer in that direction.

We continue to suggest two hoses at right angles to each other, or when only one hose is used, installed parallel to the axis of the pump, chiller, compressor, etc. While proper suggestions, we recognize piping restrictions often make it impossible.

The test results on pages 5 & 6 are the forces required to displace straight hose lengths 1/8" at three common pressures. These forces are compared to the resistance to 1/8" movement

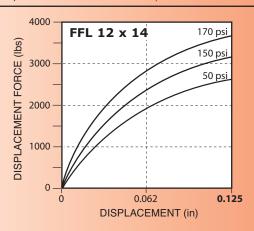
provided by 10', 8' and 6' lengths of schedule 40 Steel Pipe.

We used our computerized Baldwin Universal Tester so we could test two hoses in parallel to prevent machine distortion. Long lengths of pipes were bolted to the flanges at each end and guided through rigid rollers, so the flanges were held parallel as in the field. Water pressure was introduced by a hydraulic pump and measurements taken at 0, 50, 100, 150, 200 and 250psi. All readings were divided by 2 for single hose values. Since our hoses are all very close pitched and flexible, we believe competitive products would prove stiffer.

We tested a few hoses from the same lot and found variations. Therefore, our tabulations are only in the order of magnitude. We anticipated very large forces, but not as large as they turned out to be. Testing rig deflections lowered the 1/8" displacement values. 12" and larger data was not usable. 12", 14" and 16" numbers are extrapolations. We are rebuilding these jigs heavier and will publish corrected test information in the future. Similarly, very small sizes dropped below the testing machine's sensitivity, but they are in the proper direction.

We do not Recommend Industry Pump Connector Length.

Displacement Force is 3690 lbs./0.125" at 170 psi.

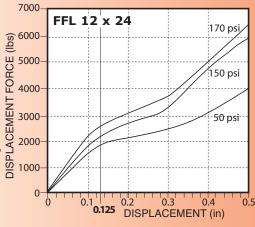




Typical Short Industry Pump Connector 12" x 14" at Maximum 0.125" Offset

We also do not recommend 12 x 24 length.

It is better than 12 x 14, but Displacement Force is still too high— 2650 lbs./0.125" at 170 psi.

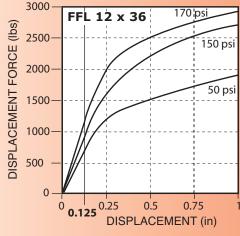




FFL 12 x 24 at 0.5" Offset

Recommended Length

Displacement Force drops to 1150 lbs./0.125" at 170 psi.

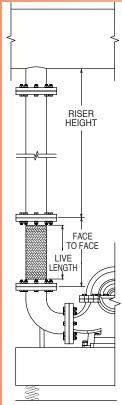




FFL 12 x 36 at 1" Offset

In addition to corrugation count and configuration, live length rather than overall length is the stiffness control. All of our tables include this information. We have kept nipples as short as possible to maximize the flexible hose portion, but notice that a 1/2" x 61/2" MN has only 23/4" of live length, 11/4" x 81/2" only 31/4", 4" x 12" only 5". That is why the forces needed to move these "Pump Connector" lengths are so excessive. The live hose is so short that the connector has difficulty or finds it impossible to assume the shape shown in the bottom photograph on page 4.

The lengths suggested in our specifications are based on experience. The height of equipment rooms controls the length of the risers. The pressure depends on the height of the building. It is hard to visualize 1/2" through 2" threaded hoses that would be connected to pumps or other equipment with long risers that go to the ceiling. They might not be connected to risers at all. Small lines seldom operate at more than 150psi, because they service low buildings. Therefore, we are suggesting overall 24" lengths at 150psi. These selections show the forces needed to flex the hose are all below the stiffness of the pipe. The vibrating energy of small sized equipment is also lower and minimizes risk of serious transmission problems.



Typical vertical hose for purposes of illustration. Horizontal placement is preferable.

The same logic applies to the 2" through 4" sizes if we continue with the assumption that the pressure remains at 150psi. However, at 250psi, the hose stiffness increases dramatically. On virtually all major projects, the specifications allow for threaded nipples only through 2" diameter. So while we provide the force information for 21/2", 3" and 4" threaded nipple ends, our recommended lengths are based on flanged hoses in diameters of 21/2" and larger.

We have included copper pipe rather than ignoring it. However, copper tubing is both light and soft. Copper flexible hoses are better suited to allowing for thermal movement than reducing vibration.

Moving on to the larger diameter 21/2" through 16", we have to assume both higher pressures and longer risers. Typically a 4" pipe 8' long offers 90 lbs resistance to 1/8" movement. A 4" x 24" flanged hose at 150 psi has a resistance of 105 lbs., so it is too stiff. At 36" long, it drops to 50 lbs. and even at 250psi, 80 lbs., and still lower than the pipe stiffness. This sort of comparison is reasonable down through the study. A 36" FF length is about as long as practical because of valve heights and other problems. We are still synthesizing a great deal of information, so establishing one fixed length of 36" for 21/2" through 16" diameter appears to be a proper engineering choice at this time rather than an oversimplification.

### BALDWIN TESTER REPORT ON FORCE REQUIRED TO DISPLACE 1/2" - 4" NIPPLED HOSES 1/8" Information provided as a general guide to magnitude

#### **THREADED NIPPLE HOSES (American Units)**

					Demi		/O" -l"		t (II \
MN	Length		Corru-	Force	Hoses	ed for 1	<del></del>	teel Pir	
Hose Dia.	End to End		gations	Wat	er Pre (psi)	ssure		hedule Length	
(in)	(in)	(in)	foot	50	150	250	6	8	10
1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2	61/2 12 18 24	23/4 81/4 141/4 201/4	92 92 92 92	6.0 0.8 1.0 *0.3	14.0 0.8 1.0 0.4	20.0 1.0 1.0 0.5	0.5 lbs	0.2 lbs	0.1 lbs
3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4	7 12 18 24	31/4 81/4 141/4 201/4	80 80 80 80	10.0 1.5 0.4 * –	18.0 2.5 2.0 1.0	25.0 3.8 4.0 1.5	1.1 lbs	0.5 lbs	0.2 lbs
1 1 1 1	8 12 18 24	33/4 73/4 133/4 193/4	72 72 72 72	13.0 2.0 0.5 *0.5	30.0 4.0 1.5 1.0	50.0 12.0 2.5 1.5	2.5 lbs	1.1 lbs	0.6 lbs
11/4 11/4 11/4 11/4	81/2 12 18 24	31/4 63/4 123/4 183/4	67 67 67 67	50 3.5 1.5	110 15 4 2.5	180 20 6.5 3.5	6 lbs	2.4 lbs	1.2 lbs
11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2	9 12 18 24	33/4 63/4 123/4 183/4	63 63 63	120 20 5 3	250 60 15 6	310 105 23 8	9 lbs	4 lbs	2 lbs
2 2 2 2	10 <sup>1</sup> /2 12 18 24	41/2 6 12 18	58 58 58 58	180 120 20 6	360 265 60 15	460 400 90 23	20 lbs	8 lbs	4 lbs
21/2 21/2 21/2	12 18 24	5 11 17	48 48 48	220 30 10	360 80 25	475 120 40	45 lbs	20 lbs	10 lbs
3 3 3	12 18 24	5 11 17	46 46 46	350 100 35	600 190 70	750 250 110	90 lbs	35 lbs	20 lbs
4 4 4	12 18 24	5 11 17	32 32 32	500 150 110	825 305 175	900 400 260	210 lbs	90 lbs	45 lbs

#### **THREADED NIPPLE HOSES (Metric Units)**

				Force	Force Required for 3mm displacement (kg					
MN Hose Dia.	Length End to End	Live Length	Corru- gations per		Hoses er Pres (kg/cm	ssure	Sc	teel Pip hedule r Lengt	40	
(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	meter	3.4	10.3	17.2	1.8	2.4	3	
15 15 15 15	165 305 457 610	70 210 362 514	302 302 302 302	2.7 0.4 0.5 *0.1	6.4 0.4 0.5 0.2	9.1 0.5 0.5 0.2	.23 kg	.09 kg	.05 kg	
20 20 20 20	178 305 457 610	83 210 362 514	262 262 262 262	4.5 0.7 0.2 * -	8.2 1.1 0.9 0.5	11.3 1.7 1.8 0.7	0.5 kg	0.2 kg	0.1 kg	
25 25 25 25	203 305 457 610	95 197 349 502	236 236 236 236	5.9 0.9 0.2 *0.2	13.6 1.8 0.7 0.5	22.7 5.4 1.1 0.7	1.1 kg	0.5 kg	0.3 kg	
32 32 32 32	216 305 457 610	83 171 234 476	220 220 220 220	23 2 1 -	50 7 2 1	82 9 3 2	2.7 kg	1.0 kg	0.5 kg	
40 40 40 40	229 305 457 610	95 171 234 476	207 207 207 207	54 9 2 1	113 27 7 3	141 48 10 4	4 kg	2 kg	0.9 kg	
50 50 50 50	267 305 457 610	114 152 305 457	190 190 190 190	82 54 9 3	163 120 27 7	209 181 41 10	9 kg	4 kg	2 kg	
65 65 65	305 457 610	127 279 432	157 157 157	100 14 5	163 36 11	216 54 18	20 kg	9 kg	4 kg	
75 75 75	305 457 610	127 279 432	151 151 151	159 45 16	272 86 32	340 113 50	40 kg	17 kg	9 kg	
100 100 100	305 457 610	127 279 432	105 105 105	227 68 50	374 138 79	408 181 118	96 kg	40 kg	21 kg	

### BALDWIN TESTER REPORT ON FORCE REQUIRED TO DISPLACE 11/2" - 16" FLANGED HOSES 1/8" Information provided as a general guide to magnitude

FLANGED END HOSES (American Units)

				Force	Requir	ed for 1	/8" disp	laceme	nt (lbs)
FFL Hose Dia.	Length Face to Face	Live Length	Corru- gations per	Hoses Water Pressure (psi)			Scl	teel Pip hedule Length	40
(in)	(in)	(in)	foot	50	150	250	6	8	10
11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2	9 12 18 24	67/8 97/8 15 <sup>7</sup> /8 21 <sup>7</sup> /8	63 63 63 63	20 8 3 2	55 27 10 6	85 42 16 6	9 lbs	4 lbs	2 lbs
2 2 2 2	9 12 18 24	61/8 91/8 151/8 211/8	58 58 58 58	60 22 6 3	125 57 18 10	185 95 29 15	20 lbs	8 lbs	4 lbs
21/2 21/2 21/2 21/2	9 12 18 24	61/8 91/8 151/8 211/8	48 48 48 48	145 45 15 7	275 100 45 25	380 140 75 35	45 lbs	20 lbs	10 lbs
3 3 3 3	9 12 18 24 *36	61/8 91/8 151/8 211/8 331/8	46 46 46 46 46	225 105 30 15 10	475 245 105 55 35	575 320 130 80 50	90 lbs	35 lbs	20 lbs
				50	100	200			
4 4 4 4	9 12 18 24 36	61/8 91/8 151/8 211/8 331/8	32 32 32 32 32	490 220 65 40 20	620 385 155 105 50	700 505 210 155 80	210 lbs	90 lbs	45 lbs
5 5 5 5	12 18 24 36	87/8 147/8 207/8 327/8	29 29 29 29	440 190 85 65	650 355 195 135	750 420 225 150	440 lbs	190 lbs	95 lbs
6 6 6	12 18 24 36	87/8 147/8 207/8 327/8	25 25 25 25	675 445 170 70	950 670 450 155	1050 750 505 180	820 lbs	350 lbs	180 lbs
0	10	0F/0	00	50	150	180			
8 8 8	12 18 24 36	85/8 145/8 205/8 325/8	23 23 23 23	1200 710 325 155	1450 1250 750 400	1680 1290 850 425	2110 lbs	890 lbs	455 lbs
10	10	OF In	01	50	150	170			
10 10 10 10	13 18 24 36	95/8 145/8 205/8 325/8	21 21 21 21	1870 1345 900 570	2200 1580 1060 680	2590 1860 1250 800	4690 lbs	1980 lbs	1010 lbs
12 12 12	*14 *24 *36	10 <sup>5</sup> /8 20 <sup>5</sup> /8 32 <sup>5</sup> /8	20 20 20	2670 1920 830	3140 2250 980	3690 2650 1150	8130 lbs	3430 lbs	1755 lbs
14 14	*14 *36	105/8 325/8	18 18	3970 2370	4675 2780	5500 3270	10900 lbs	4600 lbs	2300 lbs
16 16	*16 *36	125/8 325/8	16 16	5200 2860	6120 3370	7200 3960	16400 lbs	6900 lbs	3500 lbs

FLANGED END HOSES (Metric Units)

				Force	Requir	ed for 3	Bmm disp	olaceme	nt (kg)
FFL Hose Dia.	Length Face to Face	Live Length	Corru- gations per		Hoses er Pres (kg/cm	ssure	Sc	teel Pip hedule r Lengt	40
(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	meter	3.4	10.3	17.2	1.8	2.4	3
40 40 40 40	229 305 457 607	175 251 403 556	207 207 207 207	9 4 1 1	25 12 5 2	39 19 7 2	4 kg	2 kg	1 kg
50 50 50 50	229 305 457 610	156 232 384 537	190 190 190 190	27 10 3 1	57 26 8 5	84 43 13 7	9 kg	4 kg	2 kg
65 65 65 65	229 305 457 610	156 232 384 537	157 157 157 157	66 20 7 3	125 45 20 11	173 64 34 16	21 kg	9 kg	5 kg
75 75 75 75 75	229 305 457 610 *914	156 232 384 537 841	151 151 151 151 151	102 48 14 7 5	215 111 48 25 16	261 145 59 36 23	40 kg	17 kg	9 kg
				3.4	6.9	13.8			
100 100 100 100 100	229 305 457 610 914	156 232 384 537 841	105 105 105 105 105	222 100 30 18 9	281 175 70 48 23	318 229 96 70 36	96 kg	41 kg	21 kg
125 125 125 125	305 457 610 914	225 378 530 835	95 95 95 95	200 86 39 30	295 161 89 61	340 191 102 68	201 kg	85 kg	44 kg
150 150 150 150	305 457 610 914	225 378 530 835	82 82 82 82	306 202 76 32	431 304 204 70	476 340 229 82	371 kg	157 kg	81 kg
200	205	219	75	3.4 544	10.3 658	12.4 760			
200 200 200 200	305 457 610 914	371 524 829	75 75 75 75	322 147 70	567 340 181	585 386 193	958 kg	405 kg	207 kg
250	330	244	69	3.4 848	10.3 998	11.7 1175			
250 250 250 250	457 610 914	371 524 829	69 69 69	610 408 259	717 481 308	844 567 363	2128 kg	898 kg	460 kg
300 300 300	*256 *610 *914	270 524 829	66 66 66	1211 871 376	1424 1021 445	1674 1202 522	3688 kg	1556 kg	797 kg
350 350	*256 *914	270 829	59 59	1801 1075	2121 1261	2495 1483	4930 kg	2080 kg	1065 kg
400 400	*406 *914	321 829	52 52	2359 1297	2776 1529	3266 1796	7430 kg	3134 kg	1605 kg

\*Not tested. Best estimates.

#### **SPECIFICATION**

Flexible stainless steel hoses with a safety factor of 4 shall be manufactured using type 304 stainless steel braided hose with one fixed and one floating raised face carbon steel plate flange. Sizes 21/2" (65mm) and smaller may have threaded nipples. Copper sweat ends, 4" (100mm) and smaller, may have SS (gas service) or Bronze (water service) bodies. Grooved ends may be used in sizes 2" (50mm) through 12" (300mm). Welding is not acceptable. Minimum lengths, minimum live lengths and minimum number of convolutions per foot to assure flexibility are as tabulated. Shorter lengths are not acceptable.

Hoses shall be installed on the equipment side of the shut off valves horizontal and parallel to the equipment shafts wherever possible.

Submittals shall include original test data showing force/displacement, fittings, material, live lengths, number of corrugations per foot and safety factor at pressure ratings. Hoses shall be type **BSS** or **CPSB** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.

Pipe or Tubing Size (in)	Face to	IGED Live Length (in)	THRI End to End (in)	EADED Live Length (in)	End to	OVED Live Length (in)		R SWEAT DNZE* D Live Length (in)	Min. Convo- lutions per (foot)
1/2	_	_	24	193/4	_	_	18	141/4	92
3/4	-	_	24	193/4	_	_	18	133/4	80
1	-	_	24	193/4	_	_	18	133/8	72
11/4	_	_	24	183/4	_	_	18	131/4	67
11/2	24	217/8	24	183/4	_	_	18	13	63
2	24	211/8	24	18	24	18	18	121/2	58
21/2	24	211/8	24	17	24	18	18	103/4	48
3	36	331/8	36	29	36	30	18	101/2	46
4	36	331/8	36	29	36	28	24	151/2	32
5	36	327/8	_	_	36	28	_	_	29
6	36	327/8	_	_	36	28	_	_	25
8	36	325/8	_	_	36	28	_	_	23
10	36	325/8	_	_	36	26	_	_	21
12	36	325/8	_	_	36	26	_	_	20
14	36	325/8	_	_	_	_	_	_	18
16	36	325/8	-	_	_	_	_	_	16

Pipe or Tubing Size (mm)	FLAN Face to Face (mm)	NGED Live Length (mm)	THRE End to End (mm)	EADED Live Length (mm)	GROC End to End (mm)		End to	NZE*	Min. Convo- lutions per (meter)
15	_	_	610	502	_	_	457	362	302
20	_	_	610	502	_	_	457	349	262
25	_	_	610	502	_	_	457	340	236
30	_	_	610	476	_	_	457	337	220
40	610	556	610	476	_	_	457	330	207
50	610	537	610	457	610	457	457	318	190
65	610	537	610	432	610	457	457	273	157
75	914	841	914	737	914	762	457	267	151
100	914	841	914	737	914	711	457	394	105
125	914	835	_	_	914	711	_	_	95
150	914	835	_	_	914	711	_	_	82
200	914	829	_	_	914	711	_	_	75
250	914	829	_	_	914	660	_	_	69
300	914	829	_	_	914	660	_	_	66
350	914	829	_	_	_	_	_	_	59
400	914	829	_	-	_	_	_	-	52

<sup>6 \*</sup>Sweat ends on bronze hose have not been tested. We believe copper lines are so ductile and light, hoses only allow for offset, so longer than Pump Connector lengths are justified, but very long lengths would be overkill.

#### **PRODUCT TABLES**

The tables on the following pages cover stock lengths. We describe capability in terms of allowable offset and normal vibration. Normal vibration is the amplitude you would expect at pump, chiller, air compressor connections, etc. These lengths do not describe what is needed for seismic motion on isolated machinery. We would be more than pleased to design to requirements for any special lengths, but the basic rule is the longer the length, the lower the transmitted vibration.

Of all fittings used with stainless steel hoses, the most common are two threaded ends or two flanges. Flexibility depends not on the overall

length, but on the live length of hose between the braid rings. In terms of vibration transmission and allowable movement, flanged connectors of the same length are superior to nipple ends of one kind or another. The nipples are longer than the flanges are thick, and the same braid ring is used in both cases. So for a given length, flanged hose has longer live hose. It is important that you know the live length you are buying, so this information is included in all of our descriptive tables.

All ratings are extremely conservative. We sometimes allow more motion for a given length when we know specifics.

#### **ALSO AVAILABLE**

Mason Vee Hoses are also available with CSA approval for natural gas, and UL approval for fire protection and potable water as follows.

#### CSA Series

SPECIAL TESTED, INSPECTED AND TAGGED GAS HOSES



These assemblies have been "CSA" approved for use on gas pipelines. "CSA" is the current certification agency for gas industry products, assuming the authority formerly associated with the American Gas Association (AGA).

Our Certification Report is #230720-1764990. This Certification meets all requirements of ANSI/UL #536- 1997 Standards for Flexible Metal Hose.

**CSAMN-** SS Braided Hose with Carbon Steel Threaded Nipples

**CSAWN-** SS Braided Hose with Carbon Steel Weld Nipples (see p.16)

**CSAFFL-** SS Braided Hose with Carbon Steel Fixed and Floating Flanges

All dimensions are the same as standard products. Rated Pressure @ 70°F (21°C) is 175 psi (12kg/cm²).

#### MG Series

HOSES CLEANED FOR MEDICAL GAS

**CPSB-MG-** Bronze Braided Hose with Copper Female Sweat Ends

#### **NSF Series**

SPECIAL TESTED, INSPECTED AND TAGGED HOSES for WATER QUALITY ANNEX G of ANSI/NSF-61 and NSF-372



MNSS-NSF- SS Braided Hose with Stainless Steel Threaded Nipples
FFLSS-NSF- SS Braided Hose with Stainless Steel Fixed and Floating Flanges
CPSB-NSF- Bronze Braided Hose with Copper Female Sweat Ends

All dimensions are the same as standard products. Rated Pressure @ 70°F (21°C) is 175 psi (12kg/cm²).

#### **UL Series**

SPECIAL TESTED, INSPECTED AND TAGGED HOSES for SPRINKLER and FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEMS





MN-UL- SS Braided Hose with Carbon Steel Threaded Nipples

FFL-UL- SS Braided Hose with Carbon Steel Fixed and Floating Flanges

**GWN-UL-** SS Braided Hose with Carbon Steel Grooved Weld Nipples

**GWNF-UL-** SS Braided Hose with Carbon Steel Grooved Nipple and Fixed Flange

**CPSB-UL-** Bronze Braided Hose with Copper Female Sweat Ends

### MN-SS Braided Hose with Carbon Steel Threaded Nipples

Our steam service ratings are very low in the interest of safety although our 70°F 21°C pressure ratings are as high or higher then our competitors. All locations where failure could lead to personal injury or suffocation must be avoided. In dangerous locations we suggest housed expansion joints, solid loops, ball joints, packed devices, etc. rather than thin walled flexible products regardless of manufacturer.

RATED PRESSURES @ ELEVATED TEMPERATURES (psi) (kg/cm²)

121°C

Factor 0.92

1010 69

640 44

530 36

460 32

400 28

330 23

270 19

260 18

210

Size

(in) (mm)

25

32

40

50

65

80

100

1/2 15

3/4 20

11/4

11/2

21/2

2

3

350°F

950 59

600 41

500 34

430 30 370 26

310 21

16

14

250 17 235 16

240 200

Factor 0.86 Factor 0.81

450°F

890 61

570 39

470 32

400 28

350 24

290 20

230

190 12

16

Consult factory with full location description as well as service conditions for higher pressure or temperature applications.

304 SS can be used up to 850°F 454°C in applications such as engine exhaust.

When using MN products in copper or brass water or steam systems, dielectric couplings must be used on each end to prevent leakage from galvanic action.

#### SATURATED STEAM RECOMMENDED PRESSURE LIMITS

	DED I REGOO	TIE EIMITO		
Size (in) (mm)	Max Gauge (psi) (kg/cm²)	Temp Reference (°F) (°C)		
1/2 15	200 14	387 197		
3/4 20	200 14	387 197		
1 25	150 11	362 183		
11/4 32	150 11	362 183		
11/2 40	150 11	362 183		
2 50	150 11	362 183		
21/2 65	125 9	355 179		
3 80	125 9	355 179		
4 100	125 9	355 179		



#### 15 STOCK SIZES and LENGTHS

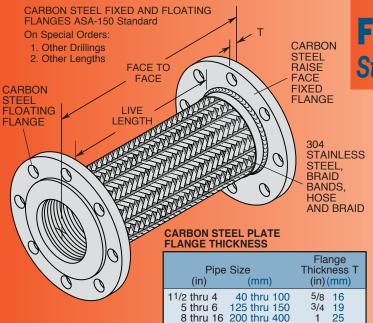
MN DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (American Units)

WII V DII	VIENOIONO AI	1D I IIL	OOOTIL I	ATINGO	(American onits	
Туре	Pipe Size & End to End (in)	Live Length (in)	Corru- gations per foot	Maxi- mum Lateral Offset (in)	Force Req'd for Max. Offset at 250psi or lower Rated Pressure (lbs)	Rated Pressure @70°F (psi)
MN	1/2 x 61/2*	25/8	92	1/8	20	1100
MN	1/2 x 12	81/8	92	11/4	9	1100
MN	1/2 x 18	141/8	92	4	7	1100
MN	1/2 x 24	<b>20</b> 1/8	92	71/2	6	1100
MN	1/2 x 36	<b>32</b> 1/8	92	16	0	1100
MN	3/4 x 7*	31/8	80	1/8	25	700
MN	3/4 x 12	81/8	80	1	12	700
MN	3/4 x 18	141/8	80	21/4	9	700
MN	3/4 x 24	201/8	80	31/4	8	700
MN	3/4 x 36	321/8	80	14	0	700
MN	1 x 8*	35/8	72	1/8	50	580
MN MN	1 x 12 1 x 18	75/8 135/8	72 72	1 3	25 9	580 580
MN	1 x 10 1 x 24	135/8 195/8	72	61/2	8 8	580 580
MN	1 x 36	315/8	72	11	0	580
MN	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> *	35/8	67	1/8	180	480
MN	11/4 x 12	71/8	67	3/4	35	480
MN	11/4 x 18	131/8	67	21/4	18	480
MN	11/4 x 24	191/8	67	5	13	480
MN	11/4 x 36	311/8	67	10	0	480
MN	11/2 x 9*	41/8	63	1/8	310	450
MN	11/2 x 12	71/8	63	5/8	170	450
MN	11/2 x 18	131/8	63	2	110	450
MN MN	11/2 x 24 11/2 x 36	191/8 311/8	63 63	41/2 9	30 0	450 450
MN	2 x 101/2*	51/4	58	1/8	460	360
MN	2 x 10 1/2	63/4	58	3/8	225	360
MN	2 x 12 2 x 18	123/4	58	11/2	125	360
MN	2 x 24	183/4	58	33/4	60	<b>360</b>
MN	2 x 36	303/4	58	8	Ö	360
MN	21/2 x 12*	5	48	1/8	475	290
MN	21/2 x 18	11	48	11/4	325	290
MN	21/2 x 24	17	48	3	160	290
MN	21/2 x 36	29	48	7	0	290
MN	3 x 12*	5	46	1/8	750	280
MN	3 x 18	11	46	1	600	280
MN	3 x 24	17	46	21/2	390	280
MN	3 x 36	29	46	6	0	280
MN	4 x 12*	5	32	1/8	900	225
MN	4 x 18	11	32	1/2	800	225
MN	4 x 24	17	32	3/4	450	225

MN DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (Metric Units)

	Pipe Size & End to End	Live Length	Corru- gations per	Maxi- mum Lateral Offset	Force Req'd for Max. Offset at 17kg/cm² or lower Rated Pressure	Rated Pressure @21°C
Туре	(mm)	(mm)	meter	(mm)	(kg)	(kg/cm²)
MN	15 x 165*	67	302	3	9	77
MN	15 x 305	207	302	32	4	77
MN	15 x 457 <b>15 x 610</b>	359 <b>512</b>	302 <b>302</b>	102 191	3 <b>3</b>	77 <b>77</b>
MN	15 x 914	816	302	406	3	77
MN	20 x 178*	80	262	3	11	49
MN	20 x 305	207	262	29	5	49
MN	20 x 457	359	262	89	4 <b>3</b>	49
MN MN	20 x 610 20 x 914	512 816	262 262	178 356	0 0	49 49
MN	25 x 203*	93	236	3	23	40
MN	25 x 305	194	236	25	11	40
MN	25 x 457	347	236	76	4	40
MN MN	25 x 610 25 x 914	499 804	236 236	165 279	3 0	40 40
MN	32 x 216*	94	220	3	82	33
MN	32 x 305	183	220	19	16	33
MN	32 x 457	335	220	57	8	33
MN MN	32 x 610 32 x 914	488 792	220 220	127 254	6 6	33 33
MN	40 x 229*	107	207	3	141	31
MN	40 x 305	183	207	16	77	31
MN	40 x 457	335	207	51	50	31
MN MN	40 x 610 40 x 914	488 792	207 207	214 229	14 0	31 31
MN	50 x 267*	135	190	3	209	25
MN	50 x 305	173	190	10	102	25
MN	50 x 457	325	190	38	57	25
MN	50 x 610	478	190	95	27	25
MN MN	<b>50 x 914</b> 65 x 305*	<b>782</b> 127	190 157	<b>203</b>	<mark>0</mark> 215	<b>25</b> 20
MN	65 x 457	279	157	32	147	20
MN	65 x 610	432	157	76	73	20
MN	65 x 914	737	157	178	0	20
MN	80 x 305*	127	151	3	340	19
MN MN	80 x 457 80 x 610	279 432	151 151	25 65	272 177	19 19
MN	80 x 914	737	151 151	152	41	19 <b>19</b>
MN	100 x 305*	127	105	3	408	15
MN	100 x 457	279	105	19	363	15
MN	100 x 610	432	105	44	204	15
MN	Pressure Sa	737	105	127	91	15

End to End Tolerance: minus 1% plus 3%. Minimum Burst is four times the Rated Pressure. Safety factor of 4 Lateral Offset one side of centerline and normal machinery vibration. If intermittent in both directions, reduce by 50%. \*Industry Pump Connector Lengths are not recommended, but supplied on demand.



#### **STOCK SIZES and LENGTHS**

#### FFL DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (American Units)

	D. O.			Maxi-	Force Req'd for	<b>.</b>
	Pipe Size	Livo	Corru-	mum	Max. Offset at	Rated
	& Face to Face	Live Length	gations	Lateral Offset	250psi or lower Rated Pressure	@70°F
Туре	(in)	(in)	foot	(in)	(lbs)	(psi)
FFL	11/2 X 9*	63/4		1/8	83	,
	11/2 X 9	93/4	63	11/4		450
FFL FFL	11/2 X 12 11/2 X 18	153/4	63 63	31/2	85 40	450 450
FFL	11/2 X 24	213/4	<b>63</b>	61/2	30	450 450
FFL	2 X 9*	63/4	58	1/8	185	360
FFL	2 X 12	93/4	58	11/8	180	360
FFL	2 X 18	153/4	58	21/2	80	360
FFL	2 X 24	213/4	58	5	45	360
FFL	21/2 X 9*	6	48	1/8	380	290
FFL	21/2 X 12	9	48	1	345	290
FFL	21/2 X 18 21/2 X 24	15 <b>21</b>	48 <b>48</b>	21/4 43/4	215 110	290 <b>290</b>
FFL	3 X 9*	6	46	1/8	575	280
FFL	3 X 12	93/4	46	7/8	770	280
FFL	3 X 12 3 X 18	153/4	46	2 '/8	335	280
FFL	3 X 24	213/4	46	4	205	280
FFL	3 X 36	333/4	46	8	100 ***	280
FFL	4 X 9*	6	32	1/8	700	225
FFL	4 X 12	93/4	32	3/4	1155	225
FFL	4 X 18	153/4	32	11/2	525	225
FFL FFL	4 X 24 4 X 36	213/4 <b>333/4</b>	32 <b>32</b>	31/2 7	485 <b>220</b> ***	225 <b>225</b>
FFL	5 X 12*	83/4	29	1/8	750	200
FFL	5 X 18	143/4	29	11/4	710	200
FFL	5 X 24	203/4	29	21/4	575	200
FFL	5 X 36	323/4	29	51/2	430	200
FFL	6 X 12*	83/4	25	1/8	1050	200
FFL	6 X 18	143/4	25	1	2175	200
FFL	6 X 24	203/4	25	2 5	1485	200
FFL FFL	6 X 36 8 X 12*	<b>323/4</b> 81/2	25 23	1/8	620 1680	200 200
FFL	8 X 12	141/2	23	7/8	3280	200
FFL	8 X 24	201/2	23	11/2	3180	200
FFL	8 X 36	321/2	<b>23</b>	4	1405	200
FFL	10 X 13*	91/2	21	1/8	2590	170
FFL	10 X 18	141/2	21	3/4	3750	170
FFL	10 X 24	201/2	21	11/4	4020	170
FFL	10 X 36	321/2	21	3	2230	170
FFL	12 X 14*	101/2	20	1/8	3690	170
FFL	12 X 24	201/2	20	1 21/2	4950	170
FFL	12 X 36 14 X 14*	321/2 101/2	20 18	21/2 1/8	<b>2960</b> 5500	170 170
FFL	14 X 14"	321/2	18	11/4	12000	170 170
				1/4		
FFL	16 X 16*	121/2	16		7200	170
FFL	16 X 36	321/2	16	1	15000	170

# **FFL-** SS Braided Hose with Carbon Steel Fixed & Floating Flanges

FFL Braided Stainless Steel Hose has fixed and floating raised face flanges. Years ago, almost all stainless steel hose was manufactured with a floating flange on one end. It is still important because it makes lining up the holes easier during installation, and eliminates the possibility of twisting the hose, when the holes do not line up. Twisting contributes to early failure.

Raised face flanges seal better. Most competitive plate flanges have flat faces to reduce machining costs, but the raised face is the better product as sealing pressure increases by factors of 2 & 3 because of the reduced gasket area.

All of our stocked flanged hose has one floating flange.

Sizes in RED are Minimum Recommended Lengths at Equipment Connections to Reduce Vibration Transmission. See discussion on p.3 - 6.

For RATED PRESSURES @ ELEVATED TEMPERATURES and SATURATED STEAM RECOMMENDED PRESSURE LIMITS, see p.10.

Safety Factor is 4X Rated Pressure. Full Vacuum Rating— 30" 762mm Hg

#### FFL DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (Metric Units)

				Maxi-	Force Reg'd for	
	Pipe Size		Corru-	mum	Max. Offset at	Rated
	& Face	Live	gations	Lateral	17kg/cm² or lower	
	to Face	Length	per	Offset	Rated Pressure	@21°C
Type	(mm)	(mm)	meter	(mm)	(kg)	(kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )
FFL	40 X 229*	171	207	3	38	31
FFL	40 X 305	248	207	32	39	31
FFL	40 X 457	400	207	89	18	31
FFL	40 X 610	552	207	165	14	31
FFL	50 X 229*	171	190	3	84	25
FFL	50 X 305	248	190	29	82	25
FFL FFL	50 X 457 50 X 610	400 <b>552</b>	190 <b>190</b>	64 <b>127</b>	36 <mark>20</mark>	25 <b>25</b>
FFL	65 X 229*	152	157	3	171	20
FFI	65 X 305	248	157	25	156	20
FFL	65 X 457	400	157	57	98	20
FFL	65 X 610	552	157	121	50	20
FFL	80 X 229*	152	151	3	259	19
FFL	80 X 305	248	151	22	349	19
FFL	80 X 457	400	151	51	152	19
FFL FFL	80 X 610 80 X 914	552 <b>857</b>	151 <b>151</b>	102 203	93 <b>45</b> ***	19 <b>19</b>
FFL	100 X 229*	152	105	3	319	15
FFI	100 X 223	248	105	19	524	15
FFL	100 X 003	400	105	38	238	15
FFL	100 X 610	552	105	89	220	15
FFL	100 X 914	857	105	178	100 ***	15
FFL	125 X 305*	222	95	3	340	14
FFL	125 X 457	375	95	32	322	14
FFL	125 X 610	527	95	57	261	14
FFL	125 X 914 150 X 305*	<b>832</b> 222	<b>95</b> 82	140	195 476	14 14
FFI	150 X 305	375	82 82	3 25	987	14
FFL	150 X 457 150 X 610	527	82	51	987 674	14
FFL	150 X 914	832	82	127	281	14
FFL	200 X 305*	216	75	3	762	14
FFL	200 X 457	368	75	22	1488	14
FFL	200 X 610	521	75	32	1442	14
FFL	200 X 914	832	75	102	637	14
FFL	250 X 330*	241	69	3	1175	11
FFL	250 X 457	368	69	19	1701	11
FFL	250 X 610 250 X 914	521 <b>826</b>	69 <b>69</b>	32 <b>76</b>	1823 <b>1012</b>	11 11
FFL	300 X 356*	267	66	3	1674	11
FFL	300 X 356	521	66	25	2245	11
FFL	300 X 914	826	<b>66</b>	64	1343	11
FFL	350 X 356*	267	59	3	2495	11
FFL	350 X 914	826	59	32	5443	11
FFL	400 X 406*	318	52	3	3266	11
FFL	400 X 914	826	52	25	6804	11

# **FFLSS**– SS Braided Hose with Stainless Steel Fixed & Floating Flanges

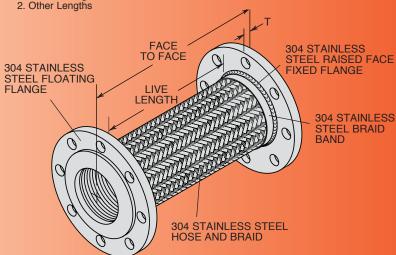
STAINLESS STEEL FIXED AND FLOATING FLANGES ASA-150 Drilling Standard

On Special Orders:

1. Other Drillings



Safety Factor is 4X Rated Pressure. Full Vacuum Rating— 30" 762mm Hg



#### STOCK SIZES and LENGTHS

FFLSS DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (American Units)

Туре	Pipe Size & Face to Face (in)	Live Length (in)	Corru- gations per foot	Maxi- mum Lateral Offset (in)	Force Req'd for Max. Offset at 250psi or lower Rated Pressure (lbs)	Rated Pressure @70°F (psi)
FFLSS	2 X 12	93/4	58	11/8	180	360
	21/2 X 12	9	48	1 7,-	345	290
FFLSS	3 X 12	9	46	7/8	770	280
FFLSS	4 X 12	9	32	3/4	1155	225
FFLSS	4 X 18	15	32	11/2	525	225
FFLSS	5 X 18	143/4	29	11/8	710	200
FFLSS	6 X 18	143/4	25	1	2175	200
FFLSS	8 X 24	197/8	23	11/2	3180	200
FFLSS	10 X 24	197/8	21	11/4	4020	170
FFLSS	12 X 24	197/8	20	1	4950	170

FFLSS DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (Metric Units)

Туре	Pipe Size & Face to Face (mm)	Live Length (mm)	Corru- gations per meter	Maxi- mum Lateral Offset (mm)	Force Req'd for Max. Offset at 17kg/cm² or lower Rated Pressure (kg)	Rated Pressure @21°C (kg/cm²)
FFLSS	50 X 305	248	190	29	82	25
FFLSS	65 X 305 80 X 305	229 229	157 151	25 22	156 349	20 19
FFLSS	100 X 305	229	105	19	524	15
FFLSS	100 X 457	381	105	38	238	15
	125 X 457	375	95	29	322	14
FFLSS	150 X 457	375	82	25	987	14
	200 X 610	521	75	38	1488	14
	250 X 610	521	69	32	1175	11
FFLSS	300 X 610	521	66	25	1674	11

Face to Face Tolerance: minus 1% plus 3%. Minimum Burst is four times the Rated Pressure. Safety factor of 4. Lateral Offset one side of centerline and normal machinery vibration. If intermittent in both directions, reduce by 50%. Sizes 12" 300mm have double braid.

NOTE: In applications calling for stainless flanges and meeting special overall vibration reduction lengths, order to specified lengths.

### Rated Pressure @ Elevated Temperatures for FFL and FFLSS

Our steam service ratings are very low in the interest of safety although our 70°F 21°C pressure ratings are as high or higher than our competitors. All locations where failure could lead to personal injury or suffocation must be avoided. In dangerous locations we suggest housed expansion joints, solid loops, ball joints, packed devices, etc. rather than thin walled flexible products regardless of manufacturer.

Consult factory with full location description as well as service conditions for higher pressure or temperature applications.

304 SS can be used up to 850°F 454°C in applications such as engine exhaust with minor pressure.

When using FFL(SS) products in copper or brass water or steam systems, dielectric flanges must be used on each end to prevent leakage from galvanic action.

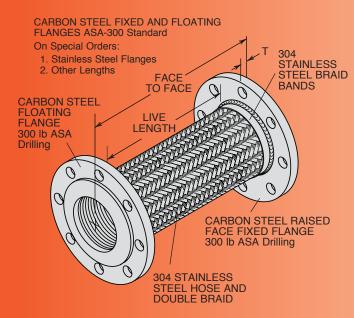
RATED PRESSURES @ ELEVATED TEMPERATURES (psi) (kg/cm²)

Hose	250°F	350°F	450°F
Size	121°C	176°C	232°C
(in) (mm)	Factor 0.92	Factor 0.86	Factor 0.81
11/2 40	400 28	370 26	350 24
2 50	330 23	310 21	290 20
21/2 65	270 19	250 17	235 16
3 80	260 18	240 16	230 16
4 100	210 15	200 14	190 13
5 125	190 13	180 12	170 11
6 150	190 13	180 12	170 11
8 200	190 13	180 12	170 11
10 250	160 11	150 10	140 9
12 300	160 11	150 10	140 9
14 350	160 11	150 10	140 9
16 400	160 11	150 10	140 9

SATURATED STEAM
RECOMMENDED PRESSURE LIMITS

	ize (mm)	Ga	ax uge (g/cm²)	Temp Reference (°F) (°C)	
2	/2 40	150	11	362	183
	50	150	11	362	183
	/2 65	125	9	355	179
	80	125	9	355	179
4	100	125	9	355	179
5	125	100	7	337	169
6	150	100	7	337	169
8	200	75	5	320	160
10 250 12 300 14 350 16 400		60 60 60	4 4 4 4	307 307 307 307	153 153 153 153

### FFL2B300- SS Double Braided Hose with Carbon Steel 300 ASA Flanges



RATED PRESSURES @ SATURATED STEAM
ELEVATED TEMPERATURES (psi)(kg/cm²) RECOMMENDED PRESSURE LIMITS

LEVATED TEMPERATORIES (psi)(kg/cm )				Ι.	IILU	CIVIIVIL	INDLD	FILO	JUIL	LIIVIII	9	
Hose Size (in) (mr		250°F 121°C Factor 0.92	350°F 176°C Factor 0.86	450°F 232°C Factor 0.81			ize (mm)	Ma Gau (psi) (ko	ige	Ter Refer (°F)		
21/2 6	0 5 0	460 31 460 31 345 24	430 29 430 29 323 22	405 28 405 28 304 21		2 21, 3	50 /2 65 80	200 150 150	14 10 10	388 362 362	198 183 183	
4 10 5 12 6 15	5	345 24 345 24 345 24	323 22 323 22 323 22	304 21 304 21 304 21		4 5 6	100 125 150	150 125 125	10 9 9	362 355 355	183 179 179	
8 20 10 25 12 30	0	216 15 193 13 156 11	202 14 181 12 146 10	190 13 170 11 138 9		8 10 12	200 250 300	90 75 60	6 5 4	330 307 307	166 153 153	

Our steam service ratings are very low in the interest of safety although our 70°F 21°C pressure ratings are as high or higher then our competitors. All locations where failure could lead to personal injury or suffocation must be avoided. In dangerous locations we suggest housed expansion joints, solid loops, ball joints, packed devices, etc. rather than thin walled flexible products regardless of manufacturer.

Consult factory with full location description as well as service conditions for higher pressure or temperature applications.

304 SS can be used up to 850°F 454°C in applications such as engine exhaust with minor pressure.

When using FFL2B300 products in copper or brass water or steam systems, dielectric flanges must be used on each end to prevent leakage from galvanic action.

#### **CARBON STEEL PLATE FLANGE THICKNESS**

	Size	Flange Thickness T
(in)	(mm)	(in) (mm)
2 thru 4	50 thru 100 125 thru 150	3/4 19 1 25
	200 thru 300	11/4 32

Face to Face Tolerance: minus 1% plus 3%. Minimum Burst is four times the Rated Pressure. Safety factor of 4. Lateral Offset one side of centerline and normal machinery vibration. If intermittent in both directions, reduce by 50%.

#### **STOCK SIZES and LENGTHS**

FFL2B300 DIMENSIONS AND **PRESSURE RATINGS (American Units)** 

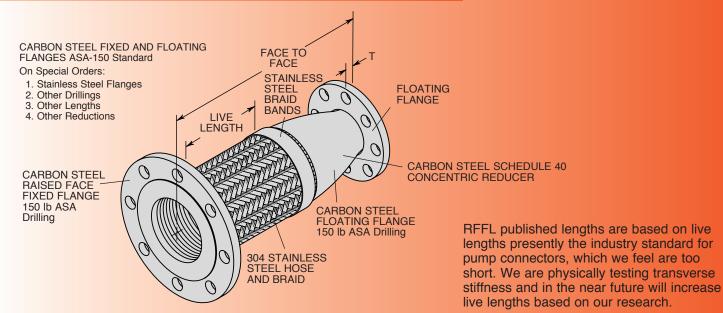
Pipe Size & Face to Face (in)	Live Length (in)	Corru- gations per foot	Maximum Permanent Lateral Offset(in)	Rated Pressure @70°F (psi)
2 X 12	93/8	58	1	500
21/2 X 12	87/8	48	7/8	500
3 X 12	87/8	46	3/4	375
4 X 12	87/8	32	5/8	375
4 X 18	147/8	32	11/4	375
5 X 18	141/4	29	11/8	375
6 X 18	141/4	25	7/8	375
8 X 24	191/2	23	11/4	235
10 X 24	191/2	21	11/8	210
12 X 24	191/2	20	7/8	170

Safety Factor is 4X Rated Pressure. Full Vacuum Rating - 30" 762mm Hg

#### FFL2B300 DIMENSIONS AND **PRESSURE RATINGS (Metric Units)**

Pipe Size & Face to Face (mm)	Live Length (mm)	Corrugations per meter	Maximum Permanent Lateral Offset(mm)	Rated Pressure @21°C (kg/cm²)
50 X 305 65 X 305 80 X 305	238 225 225	190 157 151	25 22 19	35 35 26
100 X 305 100 X 457 125 X 457	225 378 362	105 105 95	16 32 29	26 26 26
150 X 457 200 X 610 250 X 610	362 495 495	75 69	22 32 29	26 16 14
300 X 610	495	66	22	11

### RFFL-SS Reducer with Carbon Steel Fixed & Floating Flanges



#### STOCK SIZES and LENGTHS

RFFL DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (American Units)

Туре	Pipe Sizes– Large End X Small End (in)	Face to Face (in)	Live Length (in)	Corru- gations per foot	Maximum Permanent Lateral Offset (in)	Rated Pressure @70°F (psi)
RFFL	21/2 X 2	14	73/4	48	1/8	290
RFFL	3 X 2	14	73/4	46	1/8	280
RFFL	3 X 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	14	73/4	46	1/8	280
RFFL	4 X 2	14	71/4	32	1/8	225
RFFL	4 X 21/2	14	71/4	32	1/8	225
RFFL	4 X 3	14	71/4	32	1/8	225
RFFL	5 X 3	17	91/8	29	1/8	200
RFFL	5 X 4	17	91/8	29	1/8	200
RFFL	6 X 3	18	95/8	25	1/8	200
RFFL	6 X 4	18	95/8	25	1/8	200
RFFL	6 X 5	18	95/8	25	1/8	200
RFFL	8 X 4	18	87/8	23	1/8	200
RFFL	8 X 5	18	87/8	23	1/8	200
RFFL	8 X 6	18	87/8	23	1/8	200
RFFL	10 X 6	20	97/8	21	1/8	170
RFFL	10 X 8	20	97/8	21	1/8	170
RFFL	12 X 10	22	107/8	20	1/8	170

KFFL L	DIMENSIONS A	ND PRES	SURE R	ATINGS	(Metric Units)	
Туре	Pipe Sizes- Large End X Small End (mm)	Face to Face (mm)	Live Length (mm)	Corrugations per meter	Maximum Permanent Lateral Offset (mm)	Rated Pressure @21°C (kg/cm²)
RFFL	65 X 51	356	197	157	3	20
RFFL		356	197	151	3	19
RFFL		356	197	151	3	19
RFFL	100 X 64	356	184	105	3	15
RFFL		356	184	105	3	15
RFFL		356	184	105	3	15
RFFL		432	232	95	3	14
RFFL		432	232	95	3	14
RFFL	150 X 102	475	244	82	3	14
RFFL		475	244	82	3	14
RFFL		475	244	82	3	14
RFFL	200 X 127	475	225	75	3	14
RFFL		475	225	75	3	14
RFFL		475	225	75	3	14
RFFL		508	251	69	3	11
RFFL		508	251	69	3	11
RFFL	300 X 254	559	276	69	3	11

Face to Face Tolerance: minus 1% plus 3%. Minimum Burst is four times the Rated Pressure. Safety factor of 4. Lateral Offset one side of centerline and normal machinery vibration. If intermittent in both directions, reduce by 50%. Size 12" 300mm has double braid.

#### **Rated Pressure @ Elevated Temperatures** RFFL, GWNF and GWN

**RATED PRESSURES @** ELEVATED TEMPERATURES (psi) (kg/cm²)

Hose	250°F	350°F	450°F
Size	121°C	176°C	232°C
(in) (mm)	Factor 0.92	Factor 0.86	Factor 0.81
2 50	330 23	310 21	290 20
21/2 65	270 19	250 17	235 16
3 80	260 18	240 16	230 16
4 100	210 15	200 14	190 13
5 125	190 13	180 12	170 11
6 150	190 13	180 12	170 11
8 200	190 13	180 12	170 11
10 250	160 11	150 10	140 9
12 300	160 11	150 10	140 9

SATURATED STEAM RECOMMENDED PRESSURE LIMITS

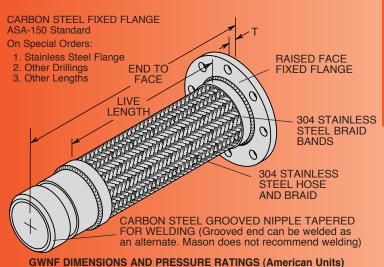
S (in)	ize (mm)	Ga	ax uge (g/cm²)	Temp Reference (°F) (°C)		
2	50	150	11	362	183	
21/	2 65	125	9	355	179	
3	80	125	9	355	179	
4	100	125	9	355	179	
5	125	100	7	337	169	
6	150	100	7	337	169	
8	200	75	5	320	160	
10	250	60	4	307	153	
12	300	60	4	307	153	

Our steam service ratings are very low in the interest of safety although our 70°F 21°C pressure ratings are as high or higher than our competitors. All locations where failure could lead to personal injury or suffocation must be avoided. In dangerous locations we suggest housed expansion joints, solid loops, ball joints, packed devices, etc. rather than thin walled flexible products regardless of manufacturer.

Consult factory with full location description as well as service conditions for higher pressure or temperature applications.

304 SS can be used up to 850°F 454°C in applications such as engine exhaust with minor pressure.

When using RFFL, GWNF or GWN products in copper or brass water or steam systems, dielectric flanges and/or couplings must be used on each end to prevent leakage from galvanic action.



### **GWNF-SS Braided Hose** with Carbon Steel Grooved Weld Nipple and Flange

Safety Factor is 4X Rated Pressure. Full Vacuum Rating - 30" 762mm Hg

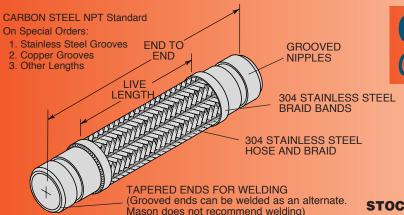
#### **STOCK SIZES and LENGTHS**

**GWNF DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (Metric Units)** 

				IIIATINGO (III	
Туре	Pipe Size & End to Face (mm)	Live Length (mm)	Corrugations per meter	Maximum Permanent Lateral Offset (mm)	Rated Pressure @21°C (kg/cm²)
GWNF	50 x 330	232	190	6	25
GWNF	65 x 330	213	157	6	20
GWNF	75 x 330	213	151	6	19
GWNF	100 x 406	264	105	6	15
GWNF	125 x 457	311	95	6	14
GWNF	150 x 508	362	82	6	14
GWNF	200 x 559	406	75	6	14
GWNF	250 x 635	457	69	6	11
GWNF	300 x 686	508	69	6	11

Туре	Pipe Size & End to Face (in)	Live Length (in)	Corrugations per foot	Maximum Permanent Lateral Offset (in)	Rated Pressure @70°F (psi)	
GWNF	2 x 13	91/8	58	1/4	360	
GWNF GWNF	21/2 x 13 3 x 13	83/8 83/8	48 46	1/4 1/4	290 280	
						ı
GWNF	4 x 16	103/8	32	1/4	225	
GWNF GWNF	5 x 18 6 x 20	121/4 141/4	29 25	1/4 1/4	200	
GWINE	6 X 20	141/4		1/4	200	ı
GWNF	8 x 22	16	23	1/4	200	
GWNF	10 x 25	18	21	1/4	170	
GWNF	12 x 27	20	20	1/4	170	

End to Face Tolerance: minus 1% plus 3%. Minimum Burst is four times the Rated Pressure. Safety factor of 4. Lateral Offset one side of centerline and normal machinery vibration. If intermittent in both directions, reduce by 50%. Size 12" 300mm has double braid.



### **GWN-SS** Braided Hose with **Carbon Steel Grooved Nipples**

Sizes in RED are Minimum Recommended Lengths at Equipment Connections to Reduce Vibration Transmission. See discussion on pages 3 - 6.

Safety Factor is 4X Rated Pressure. Full Vacuum Rating - 30" Hg 762mm

#### **GWN DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (American Units)**

Pipe Size & End to End (in)	Live Length (in)	Corru- gations per foot	Maximum Permanent Lateral Offset (in)	Rated Pressure @70°F (psi)
2 X 14 2 X 24 2 X 36	83/4 183/4 303/4	58 58 58	1 3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> 8	360 360 360
21/2 X 14 21/2 X 24 21/2 X 36	8 18 30	48 48 48	7/8 <b>3</b> <b>7</b>	290 290 290
3 X 14 3 X 36 4 X 18	8 30 10	46 46 32	3/4 6 3/4	280 280 225
4 X 36 5 X 20 5 X 36	28 12 28	29 29	3/4 4	225 200 200
6 X 22 6 X 36	14 28	25 <b>25</b>	3/4 <b>31/2</b>	200 200 200
8 X 24 8 X 36 10 X 28	16 28 18	23 23 21	3 3/4	200 200 170
10 X 36 12 X 30	26 20	<b>21</b> 20	3/4	170 170
12 X 36	26	20	13/4	170

#### **STOCK SIZES and LENGTHS**

**GWN DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (Metric Units)** 

<u> </u>	<u> </u>	J I IIEGGG	TIE HATINGS	mound on
Pipe Size & End to End (mm)	Live Length (mm)	Corru- gations per meter	Maximum Permanent Lateral Offset (mm)	Rated Pressure @21°C (kg/cm²)
50 X 356 50 X 610 50 X 914	222 476 781	190 190 190	25 <b>95</b> <b>203</b>	25 25 25
65 X 356 65 X 610 65 X 914	203 457 762	157 157 157	22 76 178	20 20 20
80 X 356 80 X 900	203 <b>762</b>	151 <b>151</b>	19 <b>152</b>	19 19
100 X 457 100 X 914	254 <b>711</b>	105 <b>105</b>	19 <b>127</b>	15 <b>15</b>
125 X 508 125 X 914 150 X 559	305 <b>711</b> 356	95 <b>95</b> 82	19 102 19	14 14
150 X 914 200 X 610	711 406	82 75	89 19	14 14
200 X 914 250 X 711	<b>711</b> 457	<b>75</b> 69	<b>76</b>	14 14
250 X 914 300 X 762	660 508	<b>69</b> 66	<b>51</b>	12
300 X 914	660	66	44	11

### **CPSB-** Braided Bronze Hose with Copper Sweat Ends

#### **ALL SERVICES EXCEPT REFRIGERANT**

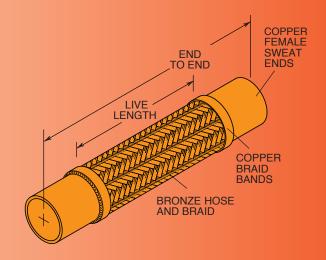
Copper Lines have virtually no stiffness or mass. We are recommending our longest standard lengths primarily for offset, not vibration reduction. See spec on page 6.

Consult factory with full location description as well as service conditions for higher pressure or temperature applications.

NOT SUITABLE FOR STEAM.

#### STOCK SIZES and LENGTHS

CPSB DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (American Units)									
Туре	Tubing Size & End to End (in)	Live Length (in)	Corru- gations per foot	Maximum Permanent Lateral Offset (in)	Rated Pressure @70°F (psi)				
CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB	1/2 X 61/2* 1/2 X 12 1/2 X 18 1/2 X 24 1/2 X 36	23/4 81/4 141/4 201/4 321/4	73 73 <b>73</b> 73 73	1/8 1 3 6 121/2	500 500 <b>500</b> 500 500				
CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB	3/4 X 7* 3/4 X 12 3/4 X 18 3/4 X 24 3/4 X 36	23/4 73/4 <b>133/4</b> 193/4 313/4	67 67 <b>67</b> 67 67	1/8 3/4 <b>21/2</b> 51/2 11	470 470 <b>470</b> 470 470				
CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB	1 X 8* 1 X 12 1 X 18 1 X 24 1 X 36	33/8 73/8 <b>133/8</b> 193/8 313/8	58 58 <b>58</b> 58 58	1/8 5/8 <b>21/4</b> 5 81/2	450 450 <b>450</b> 450 450				
CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB	11/4 X 81/2* 11/4 X 12 11/4 X 18 11/4 X 24 11/4 X 36	33/4 71/4 <b>131/4</b> 191/4 311/4	55 55 <b>55</b> 55 55	1/8 1/2 <b>13/4</b> 4 8	400 400 <b>400</b> 400 400				
CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB	11/2 X 9* 11/2 X 12 11/2 X 18 11/2 X 24 11/2 X 36	4 7 <b>13</b> 19 31	53 53 <b>53</b> 53 53	1/8 1/2 <b>11/2</b> 31/2 71/2	335 335 <b>335</b> 335 335				
CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB	2 X 12* 2 X 18 2 X 24 2 X 36	61/2 121/2 181/2 301/2	51 <mark>51</mark> 51 51	1/4 13/8 31/4 7	235 235 235 235 235				
CPSB CPSB CPSB	21/2 X 12* 21/2 X 18 21/2 X 24 21/2 X 36	43/4 103/4 163/4 283/4	34 34 34 34	1/8 7/8 2 41/2	230 230 230 230				
CPSB CPSB CPSB	3 X 12* 3 X 18 3 X 24 3 X 36	41/2 101/2 161/2 281/2	30 30 30 30	1/8 3/4 11/2 41/4	225 225 225 225				
CPSB CPSB	4 X 18* 4 X 24 4 X 36	91/2 <b>151/2</b> 271/2	28 28 28	1/2 <b>11/4</b> 4	220 220 220				



CPSB DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (Metric U	nits)	)
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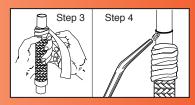
Type	Tubing Size & End to End (mm)	Live Length (mm)	Corru- gations per meter	Maximum Permanent Lateral Offset (mm)	Rated Pressure @21°C (kg/cm²)
CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB	15 X 165* 15 X 305 15 X 457 15 X 610 15 X 915	70 210 <b>362</b> 514 819	240 240 <b>240</b> 240 240 240	3 25 <b>76</b> 152 318	37 34 34 34 34 34
CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB	20 X 178* 20 X 305 20 X 457 20 X 610 20 X 915	70 197 <b>349</b> 502 806	220 220 <b>220</b> 220 220	3 19 <b>64</b> 140 279	32 32 32 32 32 32
CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB	25 X 203* 25 X 305 25 X 457 25 X 610 25 X 915	86 187 <b>340</b> 492 797	190 190 <b>190</b> 190 190	3 16 <b>57</b> 127 216	31 31 31 31 31
CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB	32 X 216* 32 X 305 <b>32 X 457</b> 32 X 610 32 X 915	95 184 <b>337</b> 489 793	180 180 <b>180</b> 180 180	3 13 <b>44</b> 102 203	28 28 28 28 28
CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB	40 X 229* 40 X 305 <b>40 X 457</b> 40 X 610 40 X 915	102 178 <b>330</b> 483 787	174 174 <b>174</b> 174 174	3 13 <b>38</b> 89 191	23 23 23 23 23
CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB	50 X 305* 50 X 457 50 X 610 50 X 915	165 <b>318</b> 470 775	167 167 167 167	6 <b>35</b> 83 178	16 16 16 16
CPSB CPSB CPSB CPSB	65 X 305* 65 X 457 65 X 610 65 X 915	121 <b>273</b> 425 730	112 112 112 112	3 <b>22</b> 51 114	16 <b>16</b> 16 16
CPSB CPSB CPSB	80 X 305* 80 X 457 80 X 610 80 X 915	114 <b>267</b> 419 724	98 <b>98</b> 98 98	3 <b>19</b> 38 108	15 15 15 15
CPSB CPSB	100 X 457* 100 X 610 100 X 915	241 <b>394</b> 699	92 <b>92</b> 92	13 <mark>32</mark> 102	15 <b>15</b> 15

End to End Tolerance: minus 1% plus 3%. Minimum Burst is four times the Rated Pressure. Safety factor of 4.

Female end fits over copper tubing, e.g. 1/2 x 12 (15 x 305mm) fits over 1/2" (15mm) tubing. Lateral Offset one side of centerline and normal machinery vibration. If intermittent in both directions, reduce by 50%.

#### **INSTALLATION:**

- 1. Thoroughly clean male and female ends using steel wool and steel brushes.
- 2. Apply flux.
- 3. Wrap base of copper fitting on connector and 2" (50mm) of the braid with a wet cloth to prevent overheating during soldering.
- 4. Direct the torch away from the base of the copper fitting and braided section. Avoid contact of the flame with the base of the copper fitting and braid. Heat end of copper fitting for proper flow of silver solder. Silver solder flows at approximately 430°F 221°C.
- 5. Use caution with brazing rod or other higher temperature techniques. Overheating will cause leaks.
- 6. Remove wet cloth and remove all soldering flux immediately after installation. Flux chlorides will cause premature failure of joint.

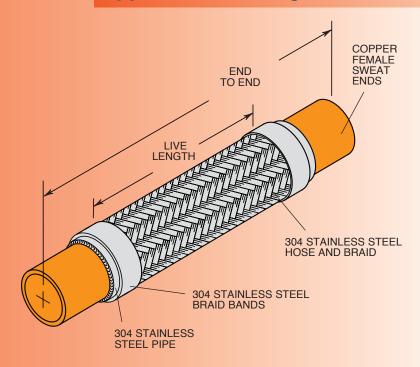


# **ULCPS-** SS Braided Hose with Copper Sweat Ends U. L. Approved for Refrigerant Services

U.L. approved flexible hose are cleaned and bagged for refrigeration service. Do not use for water service.

Safety Factor is 5X Rated Pressure. Full Vacuum Rating— 30" Hg 762mm

Lengths are industry standard always ordered for this service.



#### **STOCK SIZES and LENGTHS**

**ULCPS DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (American Units)** 

Stampe Code		Fits Over Tubing Size	Tubing OD (in)	Live Length (in)	Maximum Permanent Lateral Offset (in)	Rated Pressure @70°F (psi)
NF1	1/4 X 81/2	1/4	3/8	6	1/8	650
NF2	3/8 X 9	3/8	1/2	61/4	1/8	650
NF3	1/2 X 93/4	1/2	5/8	65/8	1/8	650
NF4	5/8 X 101/2	5/8	3/4	63/4	1/8	650
NF5	3/4 X 12	3/4	7/8	71/2	1/8	650
NF6	1 X 13	1	11/8	77/8	1/8	600
NF7	11/4 X 151/2	11/4	13/8	93/4	1/8	550
NF8	11/2 X 17	11/2	15/8	101/2	1/8	510
NF9	2 X 201/2	2	21/8	131/4	1/8	400
NF10	21/2 X 241/4	21/2	25/8	151/2	1/8	350
NF11	3 X 27	3	31/8	17	1/8	320
NF12	4 X 33	4	41/8	21	1/8	190

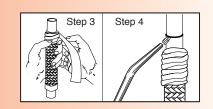
ULCPS DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (Metric Units)

Stamped Code	Size & End d to End ( <i>mm</i> )	Fits Over Tubing Size	Tubing OD ( <i>mm</i> )	Live Length ( <i>mm</i> )	Maximum Permanent Lateral Offset ( <i>mm</i> )	Rated Pressure @21°C <sup>†</sup> (kg/cm²)
NF1	6 X 216	6	10	152	3	45
NF2	10 X 229	10	15	159	3	45
NF3	15 X 248	15	17	168	3	45
NF4	17 X 267	17	19	171	3	45
NF5	20 X 305	20	22	191	3	45
NF6	25 X 330	25	28	200	3	41
NF7	32 X 394	32	35	248	3	38
NF8	40 X 432	40	41	267	3	35
NF9	50 X 521	50	54	337	3	28
NF10	65 X 616	65	68	394	3	24
NF11	80 X 686	80	78	432	3	22
NF12	100 X 838	100	105	533	3	13

End to End Tolerance: minus 1% plus 3%. Minimum Burst is four times the Rated Pressure. Safety factor of 5. Lateral Offset one side of centerline and normal machinery vibration. If intermittent in both directions, reduce by 50%. These meet or exceed the higher pressure requirements of R410A, R717 (NH<sub>3</sub>) and R744 (CO<sub>2</sub>).

#### **INSTALLATION:**

- 1. Thoroughly clean male and female ends.
- 2. Wrap base of copper fitting on connector and 2" (50mm) of the braid with a wet cloth to prevent overheating during brazing.
- 3. Direct the torch away from the base of the copper fitting and braided section. Avoid contact of the flame with the base of the copper fitting and braid. Heat end of copper fitting for proper flow of brazing filler material.
- Use caution with brazing rod or other higher temperature techniques. Overheating will cause leaks.
- 5. Remove wet cloth.



#### **CSA Series of Braided Hose**

Everyone is concerned when installing flexible hose in flammable gas or liquid lines because of the risk of both asphyxiation and fire. Approved by the CSA, the successor to the American Gas Association, and complying with UL 536 provides that assurance. Tests include vibration 300 hours at 15 Hz, 90° bends at rated pressure @ 10 cpm for 20,000 cycles, elongation and tension, 450°F 232°C for 100 hours as well as flame resistance. All of our standard

hoses 1/2" through 4" diameter passed and can be used in straight, looped or Vee configurations. However, in addition to the general UL approval, all specific hoses must be rechecked with an approved thread gauge, if threaded, and retested to 50% above rated pressure using water or rated pressure using air. It must be clearly identified as a Mason product and tagged with maximum pressure rating and minimum bend radius.

### **CSAWN** – SS Braided Hose with Carbon Steel Weld Nipples



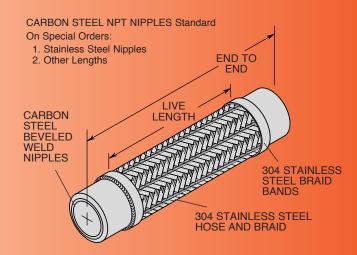
These assemblies have been "CSA" approved for use on gas pipelines. "CSA" is the current certification agency for gas industry products, assuming the authority formerly associated with the American Gas Association (AGA).

Our Certification Report is #230720-1764990. This Certification meets all requirements of ANSI/UL #536-1997 Standards for Flexible Metal Hose.

#### **CSAMN** and **CSAFFL** are also available.

See Standard MN (pg. 8) and FFL (pg. 9) for dimensions. Rated Pressure @ 70°F (21°C) is 175 psi (12kg/cm²).

Max. Vacuum - 30" 762mm Hg



#### STOCK SIZES and LENGTHS

#### CSAWN DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (American Units)

Pipe Size (in)	MN End to End (in)		Live Length (in)	Corru- gations per foot	Maximum Permanent Lateral Offset (in)	Rated Pressure @70°F (psi)	Min Burst Pressure (psi)	Safety Factor
1/2	12	11	81/4	112	11/4	175	4300	25
1/2	18	17	141/4	112	21/2	175	4300	25
1/2	24	23	201/4	112	31/2	175	4300	25
3/4	12	101/2	81/4	90	1	175	3168	18
3/4	18	161/2	141/4	90	21/4	175	3168	18
3/4	24	221/2	201/4	90	31/4	175	3168	18
1	12	10	73/4	56	3/4	175	3132	18
1	18	16	133/4	56	2	175	3132	18
1	24	22	193/4	56	3	175	3132	18
11/4	12	10	63/4	52	5/8	175	2656	15
11/4	18	16	123/4	52	13/4	175	2656	15
11/4	24	22	183/4	52	23/4	175	2656	15
11/2	12	10	63/4	46	1/2	175	2284	13
11/2	18	16	123/4	46	11/2	175	2284	13
11/2	24	22	183/4	46	21/2	175	2284	13
2	12	10	6	67	1/4	175	2120	12
2	18	16	12	67	13/8	175	2120	12
2	24	22	18	67	23/8	175	2120	12
21/2	18	15 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	11	55	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	175	1724	10
21/2	24	21 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	17	55	2	175	1724	10
3	18	15 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	11	29	1	175	1564	9
3	24	21 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	17	29	13/4	175	1564	9
3	36	33 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	29	29	33/4	175	1564	9
4	18	151/2	11	28	1/2	175	1160	7
4	24	211/2	17	28	3/4	175	1160	7
4	36	331/2	29	28	31/4	175	1160	7

#### STOCK SIZES and LENGTHS

**CSAWN DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (Metric Units)** 

Pipe Size (mm)	MN End to End (mm)	WN End to End (mm)	Live Length (mm)	per	Maximum Permanent Lateral Offset (mm)	Rated Pressure @21°C (kg/cm²)	Min Burst Pressure (kg/cm²)	Safety Factor
15	305	279	210	367	32	12	302	25
15	457	432	362	367	63	12	302	25
15	610	584	514	367	88	12	302	25
20	305	267	210	295	25	12	222	18
20	457	419	362	295	57	12	222	18
20	610	572	514	295	82	12	222	18
25	305	254	197	184	19	12	220	18
25	457	406	349	184	50	12	220	18
25	610	559	502	184	76	12	220	18
32	305	254	171	171	15	12	186	15
32	457	406	324	171	43	12	186	15
32	610	559	610	171	69	12	186	15
40	305	254	171	151	12	12	160	13
40	457	406	324	151	38	12	160	13
40	610	559	610	151	63	12	160	13
50	305	254	152	220	6	12	149	12
50	457	406	305	220	34	12	149	12
50	610	559	457	220	60	12	149	12
65	457	394	279	180	32	12	121	10
65	610	546	432	180	50	12	121	10
80	457	394	279	95	25	12	109	9 9
80	610	546	432	95	43	12	109	
80	914	851	737	95	95	12	109	
100	457	394	279	92	12	12	81	7
100	610	546	432	92	19	12	81	7
100	914	851	737	92	82	12	81	7

Lateral Offset one side of centerline and normal machinery vibration. If intermittent in both directions, reduce by 50%. End to End Tolerance: minus 1% plus 3%.



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